



DONALD AND BARBARA ZUCKER SCHOOL of MEDICINE AT HOFSTRA/NORTHWELL

Improving MRI "Order-to-Scan" Times in an Inpatient Quaternary Academic Hospital Setting: Our Revitalization Project

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INTRODUCTION

- Quaternary care centers inherently bring increased diversity and complexity of cases resulting in increased order-to-scan (OTS) times for imaging
- Increased OTS times can lead to increased length of stays (LOS) and costs, as well as, decreased quality of care
- Therefore, there is a growing need for new efficient, equitable, and cost-effective strategies to offset these delays





PURPOSE

- To significantly reduce inpatient (IP) MRI order-to-scan (OTS) times through the implementation of multiple process improvement strategies
 - At the start of 2022, >20% of all inpatient IP MRIs had an OTS time of >48 hours; some >100 hours.



METHODS

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CURRENT STATE

- No scanner utilization data
- ONE radiologist managing complex clinical discussions with ordering providers
- Limited privileges allotted to working supervisor
- Lack of proper use of "order to Dtime" function
- *"Problem"* studies sitting on the list for days

Incomplete screening forms Northwell Health^{**}

PILOT INTERVENTIONS

- Obtain scanner utilization data and analyze to identify cases contributing to extended OTS times
- Expand privileges of working supervisor to manage clinical workflow instead of radiologist
- Educate accurate use of "order to Dtime" function
- Develop EMR integrated MRI screening questions/form to be completed at the time an order is placed



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METHODS - Scanner Utilization Data

- Acquired scanner utilization metrics via MR vendors
 - Identified scanner idle times and common causes of delays
 - Examples of cases which contribute to idle table time
 - Anesthesia Cases
 - Surgical Procedure (Laser Ablations)



Claustrophobic Patients

Which assets were idle the	e mo	st?									
1-5T HDXT ECHOSPEED MOBILE • INSIGH											
1-5T HDXT ECHOSPEED MOBILE • INSIGH											
	0%	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%	60%	70%	80%	90%	1009
					Idle time	as % of op	erational time	е			
Total idle time hours by week											
Total idle time hours by week		28		7	March 2	2022	21		28		
Total idle time hours by week week starting > 1-5T HDXT ECHOSPEED MOBILE • INSIGH.		28 3.7		7	March 2 14 16.3	2022	21		28	Gran	nd Total
Fotal idle time hours by week week starting > 1-ST HDXT ECHOSPEED MOBILE • INSIGH 1-ST HDXT ECHOSPEED MOBILE • INSIGH		28 3.7		7 15.2 13.7	March 2 14 16.3 18.0	2022	21 16.7 18.2		28 10.8 10.3	Gran	nd Total 32.7 50.3

Idle periods throughout the day hours by day



METHODS

- Expand privileges of working supervisor to manage clinical workflow
 - **Content expert**
 - Evaluates "problem" cases (cases on hold, improper uses of "order for Dtime", etc.)
 - Only contacts radiologist when necessary
 - Previous success in CT workflow (below)



- Radiology Service Line collaborated with the ED/IP service lines and EMR team to design MRI screening questions at time of order
 - Sample questions
 - (1) presence of a pacemaker(2) history of claustrophobia

 - (3) patient's ability to communicate

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RESULTS

	PRE-INTE	RVENTION	POST-INTERVENTIONS					
	January 2022	February 2022	March 2022	April 2022	May 2022	June 2022		
Average OTS (hours)	28.7	29.1	18.40	18.12	21.33	17.24		
Total IP MRs	646	723	730	811	825	758		
IP MRs >48 hours (%)	25%	23%	5%	3%	4%	3%		





RESULTS





DISCUSSION/CONCLUSION

- Implementations:
 - Acquisition and analyzation of MR scanner utilization metrics
 - MRI manager with increased privileges to manage the workflow
 - Detailed MRI screening questionnaire at the time of ordering
- Significant decrease in OTS times by up to 40% despite 5-10% increase in IP MR volume

 29 hours to 17 hours
- Significant reduction in cases pending >48 hours

 23% to <5%

 Northwell

 Health^{**}